UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2015

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 0-20853

ANSYS, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 04-3219960

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2600 ANSYS Drive, Canonsburg, PA

15317

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

724-746-3304

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes x No o

Indicate by a check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, outstanding as of October 31, 2015 was 88,992,196 shares.

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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PART I – UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements:

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited) (Audited) ASSETS Current assets: ST76239 \$ 788,064 Cash and cash equivalents 684 714 Short-term investments 684 714 Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively 91,470 101,229 Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,718 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286 Total assets \$ 2,701,566 \$ 2,774,103		September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014
Current assets: \$ 776,239 \$ 788,064 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 776,239 \$ 788,064 Short-term investments 684 714 Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively 91,470 101,229 Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	(in thousands, except share and per share data)		(Unaudited)		(Audited)
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 776,239 \$ 788,064 Short-term investments 684 714 Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively 91,470 101,229 Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	ASSETS				
Short-term investments 684 714 Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively 91,470 101,229 Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Current assets:				
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively 91,470 101,229 Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	776,239	\$	788,064
Other receivables and current assets 148,160 192,308 Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Short-term investments		684		714
Deferred income taxes 28,711 28,178 Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,400 and \$5,500, respectively		91,470		101,229
Total current assets 1,045,264 1,110,493 Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Other receivables and current assets		148,160		192,308
Property and equipment, net 58,590 64,643 Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Deferred income taxes		28,711		28,178
Goodwill 1,334,509 1,312,182 Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Total current assets		1,045,264		1,110,493
Other intangible assets, net 233,262 259,312 Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Property and equipment, net		58,590		64,643
Other long-term assets 5,665 6,187 Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Goodwill		1,334,509		1,312,182
Deferred income taxes 24,276 21,286	Other intangible assets, net		233,262		259,312
	Other long-term assets		5,665		6,187
Total assets \$ 2,701,566 \$ 2,774,103	Deferred income taxes		24,276		21,286
	Total assets	\$	2,701,566	\$	2,774,103
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:	Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable \$ 3,220 \$ 3,421	Accounts payable	\$	3,220	\$	3,421
Accrued bonuses and commissions 32,159 47,001	Accrued bonuses and commissions		32,159		47,001
Accrued income taxes 3,000 7,127	Accrued income taxes		3,000		7,127
Deferred income taxes 23 24	Deferred income taxes		23		24
Other accrued expenses and liabilities 53,850 74,862	Other accrued expenses and liabilities		53,850		74,862
Deferred revenue 319,705 332,664	Deferred revenue		319,705		332,664
Total current liabilities 411,957 465,099	Total current liabilities		411,957		465,099
Long-term liabilities:	Long-term liabilities:			_	
Deferred income taxes 29,396 37,390	Deferred income taxes		29,396		37,390
Other long-term liabilities 48,617 54,113	Other long-term liabilities		48,617		54,113
Total long-term liabilities 78,013 91,503	Total long-term liabilities	•	78,013		91,503
Commitments and contingencies	Commitments and contingencies			_	
Stockholders' equity:	Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized; zero shares issued or outstanding	Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 2,000,000 shares authorized; zero shares issued or outstanding		_		_
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized; 93,236,023 shares issued 932	Common stock, \$.01 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized; 93,236,023 shares issued		932		932
Additional paid-in capital 891,920 904,825	Additional paid-in capital		891,920		
Retained earnings 1,724,008 1,539,508	Retained earnings		1,724,008		1,539,508
	Treasury stock, at cost: 4,222,634 and 2,470,675 shares, respectively				(196,010)
	Accumulated other comprehensive loss				(31,754)
<u>`</u> -	Total stockholders' equity				2,217,501
	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,701,566	\$	2,774,103

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Mo	ıded		Nine Mo	nths Ended				
(in thousands, except per share data)	Sep	September 30, September 30, 2015 2014		September 30, 2014				ptember 30, 2015	Sej	ptember 30, 2014
Revenue:										
Software licenses	\$	140,197	\$	139,965	\$	405,655	\$	406,883		
Maintenance and service		97,643		94,035		285,451		274,763		
Total revenue		237,840		234,000		691,106		681,646		
Cost of sales:										
Software licenses		6,889		7,095		21,048		21,603		
Amortization		9,818		9,477		28,918		28,198		
Maintenance and service		19,874		20,622		60,288		63,816		
Total cost of sales		36,581		37,194		110,254		113,617		
Gross profit		201,259		196,806		580,852		568,029		
Operating expenses:										
Selling, general and administrative		61,367		58,172		181,640		174,002		
Research and development		44,784		41,033		127,439		123,251		
Amortization		4,925		6,793		15,037		17,374		
Total operating expenses		111,076		105,998		324,116		314,627		
Operating income		90,183		90,808		256,736		253,402		
Interest expense		(95)		(149)		(371)		(578)		
Interest income		674		655		2,125		2,206		
Other (expense) income, net		(383)		(395)		475		(772)		
Income before income tax provision		90,379		90,919		258,965		254,258		
Income tax provision		24,346		25,440		74,465		69,201		
Net income	\$	66,033	\$	65,479	\$	184,500	\$	185,057		
Earnings per share – basic:										
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.74	\$	0.71	\$	2.05	\$	2.01		
Weighted average shares – basic		89,694		91,875		89,873		92,224		
Earnings per share – diluted:										
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.72	\$	0.70	\$	2.01	\$	1.96		
Weighted average shares – diluted		91,593		93,905		91,820		94,397		
-		- /		,		- /		- /		

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					Nine Mon	nths Ended		
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014		September 30, 2015		Se	ptember 30, 2014	
Net income	\$	66,033	\$	65,479	\$	184,500	\$	185,057	
Other comprehensive loss:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(1,854)		(19,348)		(14,612)		(15,890)	
Comprehensive income	\$	64,179	\$	46,131	\$	169,888	\$	169,167	

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont	ths Ended
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:	2013	2014
Net income	\$ 184,500	\$ 185,057
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		,
Depreciation and amortization	58,782	61,223
Deferred income tax benefit	(7,301)	(13,698)
Provision for bad debts	1,286	1,645
Stock-based compensation expense	25,731	27,583
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(6,366)	(9,619
Other	1,473	20
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	6,707	14,093
Other receivables and current assets	35,330	48,561
Other long-term assets	396	434
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and current liabilities	(33,255)	(18,859
Accrued income taxes	2,389	5,856
Deferred revenue	(6,557)	(2,080
Other long-term liabilities	(4,788)	(7,182
Net cash provided by operating activities	258,327	293,034
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(40,892)	(102,517
Capital expenditures	(10,765)	(20,628
Other investing activities	(2)	(169
Net cash used in investing activities	(51,659)	(123,314
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments on capital leases	(15)	(86
Purchase of treasury stock	(242,748)	(108,613
Restricted stock withholding taxes paid in lieu of issued shares	(4,431)	(5,108
Contingent consideration payments	(1,173)	(4,504
Proceeds from shares issued for stock-based compensation	36,563	26,723
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	6,366	9,619
Net cash used in financing activities	(205,438)	(81,969
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	(13,055)	(13,432
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(11,825)	74,319
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	788,064	742,486
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 776,239	\$ 816,805
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid	\$ 77,867	\$ 90,606
Interest paid	\$ 609	\$ 633
Fair value of stock options and restricted stock awards assumed in connection with acquisitions	\$ 3,528	\$ 68
Construction-in-progress - leased facility	s —	\$ 13,873

ANSYS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

1. Organization

ANSYS, Inc. (hereafter the "Company" or "ANSYS") develops and globally markets engineering simulation software and technologies widely used by engineers, designers, researchers and students across a broad spectrum of industries and academia, including aerospace, automotive, manufacturing, electronics, biomedical, energy and defense.

As of January 1, 2015, the Company began to operate as one segment when two legal entities merged and a third insignificant acquired segment was no longer separately reported internally. Given the integrated approach to the multi-discipline problem-solving needs of the Company's customers, a single sale of software may contain components from multiple product areas and include combined technologies. The Company also has a multi-year product and integration strategy that will result in new, combined products or changes to or discontinuation of the historical product offerings. As a result, it is impracticable for the Company to provide accurate historical or current reporting among its various product lines.

2. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by ANSYS in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information for commercial and industrial companies and the instructions to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the accompanying statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements (and notes thereto) included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The condensed consolidated December 31, 2014 balance sheet presented is derived from the audited December 31, 2014 balance sheet included in the most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included, and all adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of highly liquid investments such as deposits held at major banks and money market mutual funds. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company's cash and cash equivalent balances comprise the following:

	September 30, 2015				December 31	, 2014	
(in thousands, except percentages)	Amount		% of Total	Amount		% of Total	
Cash accounts	\$	423,132	54.5	\$	506,731	64.3	
Money market mutual funds		353,107	45.5		281,333	35.7	
Total	\$	776,239		\$	788,064		

The Company's money market mutual fund balances are held in various funds of a single issuer.

3. Acquisitions

2015 Acquisitions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company completed various acquisitions to accelerate development of new and innovative products to the marketplace while lowering design and engineering costs for customers. The acquisitions were not individually significant. The combined purchase price of the acquisitions was approximately \$44.4 million, which included cash and equity.

The operating results of each acquisition have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since each respective date of acquisition. The effects of the business combinations were not individually material to the Company's consolidated results of operations.

The total consideration transferred was allocated to the assets and liabilities of each acquisition based on management's estimates of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The allocation included \$19.1 million to identifiable intangible assets to be amortized over periods between five and ten years, and \$28.5 million to goodwill, inclusive of any measurement-period adjustments recorded since the respective acquisition dates. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are based on provisional calculations and the estimates and assumptions for these items are subject to change during the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date) as the Company obtains new information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date.

In valuing deferred revenue on the balance sheet as of each acquisition date, the Company applied the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations. Acquired deferred revenues with a combined historical carrying value of \$0.9 million were ascribed no fair value on the opening balance sheets. As a result, the Company's post-acquisition revenue will be less than the sum of what would have otherwise been reported by ANSYS and each acquiree absent the acquisitions. The impacts on reported revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The expected impacts on reported revenue are \$0.2 million for the quarter ending December 31, 2015 and \$0.1 million for the year ending December 31, 2016.

SpaceClaim Corporation

On April 30, 2014, the Company completed the acquisition of SpaceClaim Corporation ("SpaceClaim"), a leading provider of 3-D modeling technology. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company acquired SpaceClaim for a purchase price of \$85.0 million, which was paid almost entirely in cash.

SpaceClaim's software provides customers with a powerful and intuitive 3-D direct modeling solution to author new concepts and then leverage the power of simulation to rapidly iterate on these designs to drive innovation. The broad appeal of the SpaceClaim technology can help the Company deliver simulation tools to any engineer in any industry.

The operating results of SpaceClaim have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since April 30, 2014, the date of acquisition.

The assets and liabilities of SpaceClaim have been recorded based upon management's estimates of their fair market values as of the acquisition date. The following tables summarize the fair value of consideration transferred and the fair values of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as adjusted within the one-year measurement period:

Fair Value of Consideration Transferred:

(in thousands)	
Cash	\$ 84,892
ANSYS replacement stock options	68
Total consideration transferred at fair value	\$ 84,960

Recognized Amounts of Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed:

(in thousands)	
Cash	\$ 723
Accounts receivable and other tangible assets	1,857
Developed technology (10-year life)	15,800
Customer relationships (6-year life)	9,400
Trade name (6-year life)	1,300
Contract backlog (6-year life)	550
Non-compete agreement (2-year life)	300
Net deferred tax assets	9,288
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(2,011)
Deferred revenue	(700)
Total identifiable net assets	\$ 36,507
Goodwill	\$ 48,453

The goodwill, which is not tax-deductible, is attributed to intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition, including the assembled workforce of the acquired business and the synergies expected to arise as a result of the acquisition of SpaceClaim.

During the one-year measurement period since the SpaceClaim acquisition date, the Company adjusted the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the offset recorded as a \$4.8 million decrease to goodwill. These adjustments were made as the Company obtained new information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date.

In valuing deferred revenue on the SpaceClaim balance sheet as of the acquisition date, the Company applied the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations. Acquired deferred revenue with a historical carrying value of \$3.3 million was ascribed a fair value of \$0.7 million on the opening balance sheet. As a result, the Company's post-acquisition revenue will be less than the sum of what would have otherwise been reported by ANSYS and SpaceClaim absent the acquisition. The impacts on reported revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were \$0.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Reaction Design

On January 3, 2014, the Company completed the acquisition of Reaction Design, a leading developer of chemistry simulation software. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company acquired Reaction Design for a purchase price of \$19.1 million in cash. Reaction Design's solutions enable transportation manufacturers and energy companies to rapidly achieve their clean technology goals by automating the analysis of chemical processes via computer simulation and modeling solutions.

The operating results of Reaction Design have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since January 3, 2014, the date of acquisition. The total consideration transferred was allocated to the assets and liabilities of Reaction Design based on management's estimates of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The allocation included \$7.0 million to identifiable intangible assets, including core technology, customer lists and trade names, to be amortized over periods between two and eleven years, and \$9.2 million to goodwill, which is not tax-deductible. These amounts include measurement-period adjustments. During the one-year measurement period since the Reaction Design acquisition date, the Company adjusted the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the offset recorded as an increase to goodwill of \$1.9 million and a reduction in noncontrolling interest of \$0.6 million. These adjustments were made

as the Company obtained new information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date.

In valuing deferred revenue on the Reaction Design balance sheet as of the acquisition date, the Company applied the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations. Acquired deferred revenue with a historical carrying value of \$2.3 million was ascribed no fair value on the opening balance sheet. As a result, the Company's post-acquisition revenue will be less than the sum of what would have otherwise been reported by ANSYS and Reaction Design absent the acquisition. The impact on reported revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$0.2 million.

4. Other Receivables and Current Assets

The Company's other receivables and current assets comprise the following balances:

(in thousands)	Se	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014
Receivables related to unrecognized revenue	\$	115,689	\$	152,830
Income taxes receivable, including overpayments and refunds		10,201		18,276
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		22,270		21,202
Total other receivables and current assets	\$	148,160	\$	192,308

Receivables for unrecognized revenue represent the current portion of billings made for annual lease licenses and software maintenance that have not yet been recognized as revenue.

5. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") amounts are computed by dividing earnings by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS amounts assume the issuance of common stock for all potentially dilutive equivalents outstanding. To the extent stock options are anti-dilutive, they are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

The details of basic and diluted EPS are as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
(in thousands, except per share data)	Sep	tember 30, 2015	Sep	tember 30, 2014	September 30, 2015			
Net income	\$	66,033	\$	65,479	\$	184,500	\$	185,057
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic		89,694		91,875		89,873		92,224
Dilutive effect of stock plans		1,899		2,030		1,947		2,173
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted		91,593		93,905		91,820		94,397
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.74	\$	0.71	\$	2.05	\$	2.01
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.72	\$	0.70	\$	2.01	\$	1.96
Anti-dilutive shares		204		237		221		877

6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets and estimated useful lives are classified as follows:

	September 30, 2015				Decembe	2014				
(in thousands)		Gross Carrying Amount	Carrying Accumulated		Gross Carrying Amount		accumulated Carrying			Accumulated Amortization
Amortized intangible assets:										
Developed software and core technologies (3 – 11 years)	\$	339,745	\$	(245,039)	\$	321,076	\$	(227,298)		
Customer lists and contract backlog (5 $-$ 15 years)		217,111		(133,903)		221,159		(121,380)		
Trade names $(2-10 \text{ years})$		127,999		(73,070)		114,432		(63,082)		
Non-compete agreement (2 years)		300		(238)		300		(52)		
Total	\$	685,155	\$	(452,250)	\$	656,967	\$	(411,812)		
Unamortized intangible assets:										
Trade names	\$	357			\$	14,157				

The decrease in unamortized trade names in the table above was due to the determination that a trade name no longer had an indefinite life. Amortization expense for the intangible assets reflected above was \$14.7 million and \$16.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Amortization expense for the intangible assets reflected above was \$44.0 million and \$45.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of September 30, 2015, estimated future amortization expense for the intangible assets reflected above is as follows:

(in thousands)	
Remainder of 2015	\$ 13,946
2016	50,227
2017	47,370
2018	34,015
2019	20,533
2020	19,696
Thereafter	47,118
Total intangible assets subject to amortization	232,905
Indefinite-lived trade name	357
Other intangible assets, net	\$ 233,262

The changes in goodwill during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

(in thousands)	2015	2014
Beginning balance – January 1	\$ 1,312,182	\$ 1,255,704
Acquisitions	28,561	60,484
Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	(3,601)	547
Currency translation	(2,633)	(2,981)
Ending balance – September 30	\$ 1,334,509	\$ 1,313,754

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with the accounting for business combinations, the Company recorded adjustments to goodwill for the effect of changes in the provisional fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed during the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date) as the Company obtained new information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognized as of that date.

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company completed the annual impairment test for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets and determined that these assets had not been impaired as of the test date, January 1, 2015. The Company tested the previously unamortized trade name discussed above for impairment during the first quarter of 2015 and determined that its fair value exceeded its carrying value, so no impairment was recorded. No other events or circumstances changed during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 that would indicate that the fair values of the Company's reporting unit and indefinite-lived intangible asset are below their carrying amounts.

7. Fair Value Measurement

The valuation hierarchy for disclosure of assets and liabilities reported at fair value prioritizes the inputs for such valuations into three broad levels:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument; or
- Level 3: unobservable inputs based on the Company's own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value.

A financial asset's or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following tables provide the assets and liabilities carried at fair value and measured on a recurring basis:

			Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using:					
(in thousands)	Significant Other Quoted Prices in September 30, Active Markets Inputs (Level 2)				Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets								
Cash equivalents	\$	353,107	\$	353,107	\$	_	\$	_
Short-term investments	\$	684	\$	_	\$	684	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Contingent consideration	\$	(1,377)	\$		\$	_	\$	(1,377)

			Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using:					
(in thousands)	December 31, 2014		Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)			Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets				_				
Cash equivalents	\$	281,333	\$	281,333	\$	_	\$	_
Short-term investments	\$	714	\$	_	\$	714	\$	_
<u>Liabilities</u>	-				-			
Contingent consideration	\$	(2,621)	\$	_	\$		\$	(2,621)

The cash equivalents in the preceding tables represent money market mutual funds.

The short-term investments in the preceding tables represent deposits held by certain foreign subsidiaries of the Company. The deposits have fixed interest rates with maturity dates ranging from three months to one year.

The contingent consideration in the tables above represents potential future payments related to the EVEN - Evolutionary Engineering AG ("EVEN") acquisition in accordance with the 2013 merger agreement. The net present value calculations for the contingent consideration include significant unobservable inputs in the assumption that all remaining payments will be made, and, therefore, the liabilities were classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following tables present the changes in the Company's Level 3 liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Fair Value Measurement Using Significant Unobservable Input	
(in thousands)		ontingent nsideration
Balance as of January 1, 2015	\$	2,621
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		122
Balance as of March 31, 2015	\$	2,743
Contingent payment		(1,456)
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		107
Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	1,394
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		(17)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	1,377

	Fair Value Measuremei Significant Unobservabl					
(in thousands)		Contingent onsideration	C	Deferred Compensation		
Balance as of January 1, 2014	\$	7,389	\$	704		
Contingent payment		(1,578)		_		
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		164		3		
Balance as of March 31, 2014	\$	5,975	\$	707		
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		87		4		
Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$	6,062	\$	711		
Contingent payments		(3,288)		(712)		
Interest expense and foreign exchange activity included in earnings		(121)		1		
Balance as of September 30, 2014	\$	2,653	\$	_		

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, other accrued liabilities and short-term obligations approximate their fair values because of their short-term nature.

8. Geographic Information

Revenue to external customers is attributed to individual countries based upon the location of the customer. Revenue by geographic area is as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Mo			onths Ended	
(in thousands)		September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014		September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014
United States	\$	93,374	\$	81,833	\$	262,215	\$	233,612
Japan		24,981		25,823		77,519		82,543
Germany		23,484		23,835		69,076		73,337
South Korea		12,758		14,180		39,909		39,661
France		11,626		13,870		35,782		43,596
Canada		3,254		3,246		9,882		9,735
Other European		36,341		38,966		106,899		114,396
Other international		32,022		32,247		89,824		84,766
Total revenue	\$	237,840	\$	234,000	\$	691,106	\$	681,646

Property and equipment by geographic area is as follows:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015		I	December 31, 2014
United States	\$	44,677	\$	49,957
Europe		6,705		7,840
India		2,963		3,123
Other international		4,245		3,723
Total property and equipment	\$	58,590	\$	64,643

9. Stock-Based Compensation

Total stock-based compensation expense and its net impact on basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

	Three Months Ended			Nine M		Ionths Ended	
(in thousands, except per share data)	 September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014		September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014
Cost of sales:							
Software licenses	\$ 174	\$	490	\$	549	\$	1,289
Maintenance and service	530		549		1,432		1,587
Operating expenses:							
Selling, general and administrative	4,249		4,520		13,038		12,766
Research and development	3,917		4,394		10,712		11,941
Stock-based compensation expense before taxes	8,870		9,953		25,731		27,583
Related income tax benefits	(2,725)		(2,843)		(8,454)		(7,703)
Stock-based compensation expense, net of taxes	\$ 6,145	\$	7,110	\$	17,277	\$	19,880
Net impact on earnings per share:							
Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.07)	\$	(80.0)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.22)
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.07)	\$	(80.0)	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.21)

10. Stock Repurchase Program

Under the Company's stock repurchase program, the Company repurchased shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, as follows:

	Nine Months Ended					
(in thousands, except per share data)	September 30, 2015					
Number of shares repurchased	2,793	1,432				
Average price paid per share	\$ 86.92	\$ 75.87				
Total cost	\$ 242,748	\$ 108,613				

In February 2015, the Company's Board of Directors increased the number of shares authorized for repurchase to a total of 5.0 million shares under the stock repurchase program. As of September 30, 2015, 3.1 million shares remained available for repurchase under the program.

11. Contingencies and Commitments

The Company is subject to various investigations, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business, including commercial disputes, labor and employment matters, tax audits, alleged infringement of intellectual property rights and other matters. In the opinion of the Company, the resolution of pending matters is not expected to have a material, adverse effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial position. However, each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties and it is possible that an unfavorable resolution of one or more of these proceedings could materially affect the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

An Indian subsidiary of the Company received a formal inquiry after a service tax audit was held in 2011. The Company could incur tax charges and related liabilities, including those related to the service tax audit case, of approximately \$6 million. The service tax issues raised in the Company's notice are very similar to the case, *M/s Microsoft Corporation (I) (P) Ltd. Vs Commissioner of Service Tax, New Delhi*, wherein the Delhi Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) has passed a favorable ruling to Microsoft. The Company can provide no assurances on whether the Microsoft case's favorable ruling will be challenged in higher courts or on the impact that the present Microsoft case's decision will have on the Company's audit case. The Company is uncertain as to when the service tax audit will be completed.

The Company sells software licenses and services to its customers under proprietary software license agreements. Each license agreement contains the relevant terms of the contractual arrangement with the customer, and generally includes certain provisions for indemnifying the customer against losses, expenses and liabilities from damages that are incurred by or awarded against the customer in the event the Company's software or services are found to infringe upon a patent, copyright or other proprietary right of a third party. To date, the Company has not had to reimburse any of its customers for any losses related to these indemnification provisions and no material claims asserted under these indemnification provisions are outstanding as of September 30, 2015. For several reasons, including the lack of prior material indemnification claims, the Company cannot determine the maximum amount of potential future payments, if any, related to such indemnification provisions.

12. New Accounting Guidance

Measurement-period adjustments related to business combinations: In September 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments (ASU 2015-16). ASU 2015-16 requires adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period to be recognized in the period in which the adjustments are determined. The acquirer must record the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. Prior guidance required the restatement of prior periods if the adjustments impacted those periods. The guidance was early adopted by the Company during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and applied prospectively. The impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows was not material.

Revenue from contracts with customers: In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) (ASU 2014-09). ASU 2014-09 supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance, including industry-specific guidance. Previous guidance requires an entity to recognize revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured. Under the new guidance, an entity is required to evaluate revenue recognition by identifying a contract with a customer, identifying the performance obligations in the contract, determining the transaction price, allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract and recognizing revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, delayed the effective date of ASU 2014-09 to annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Entities have the option of using a full retrospective, cumulative effect or modified approach to adopt ASU 2014-09. This update will impact the timing and amounts of revenue recognized. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that implementation of this update will have on its financial results upon adoption.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of ANSYS, Inc.
Canonsburg, Pennsylvania

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of ANSYS, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of September 30, 2015, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, and of cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such condensed consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of ANSYS, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 26, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania November 5, 2015

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview:

The Company's GAAP and non-GAAP results for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2014 were significantly impacted by a stronger U.S. Dollar. The Company's GAAP results for the three months ended September 30, 2015 reflect increased revenue of 1.6%, decreased operating income of 0.7% and increased diluted earnings per share of 2.9% as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014. The Company's GAAP results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 reflect growth in revenue of 1.4%, operating income of 1.3% and diluted earnings per share of 2.6% as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The Company experienced higher revenue in 2015 primarily from growth in maintenance revenue, partially offset by decreased lease license revenue. The Company also experienced increased operating expenses primarily due to increased employee compensation and other headcount-related costs, partially offset by cost reductions from foreign exchange translation as a result of the stronger U.S. Dollar.

The Company's non-GAAP results for the three months ended September 30, 2015 reflect increased revenue of 1.1%, decreased operating income of 3.5% and increased diluted earnings per share of 1.1% as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2014. The Company's non-GAAP results for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 reflect increased revenue of 1.0%, decreased operating income of 1.0% and increased diluted earnings per share of 0.4% as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The non-GAAP results exclude the income statement effects of acquisition accounting adjustments to deferred revenue, stock-based compensation, acquisition-related amortization of intangible assets and transaction costs related to business combinations. For further disclosure regarding non-GAAP results, see the section titled "Non-GAAP Results" immediately preceding the section titled "Liquidity and Capital Resources".

The impacts on the Company's revenue and operating income due to the stronger U.S. Dollar for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 were as follows:

	T	hree Months Ende	tember 30, 2015		Nine Months Ended	Sept	ember 30, 2015	
(in thousands)		GAAP	AP Non-GAAP			GAAP	Non-GAAP	
Revenue	\$	(17,839)	\$	(17,841)	\$	(52,599)	\$	(52,603)
Operating income	\$	(11,113)	\$	(11,486)	\$	(29,949)	\$	(31,134)

In constant currency⁽¹⁾, the Company's growth rates were as follows:

	Three Months Ended	d September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended	September 30, 2015
	GAAP Non-GAAP		GAAP	Non-GAAP
Revenue	9%	9%	9%	9%
Operating income	12%	6%	13%	8%

(1) Constant currency amounts exclude the effect of foreign currency fluctuations on the reported results. To present this information, the results for 2015 for entities whose functional currency is a currency other than the U.S. Dollar were converted to U.S. Dollars at rates that were in effect for 2014, rather than the actual exchange rates in effect for 2015.

The Company's financial position includes \$776.9 million in cash and short-term investments, and working capital of \$633.3 million as of September 30, 2015.

Under the Company's stock repurchase program, the Company repurchased 1,250,000 shares during the three months ended September 30, 2015 at an average price per share of \$91.23, for a total cost of \$114.0 million. The Company repurchased 2,792,911 shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 at an average price per share of \$86.92, for a total cost of \$242.7 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company completed various acquisitions to accelerate development of new and innovative products to the marketplace while lowering design and engineering costs for customers. The acquisitions were not individually significant. The combined purchase price of the acquisitions was approximately \$44.4 million, which included cash and equity. The operating results of each acquisition have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since each respective date of acquisition.

ANSYS develops and globally markets engineering simulation software and services widely used by engineers, designers, researchers and students across a broad spectrum of industries and academia, including aerospace, automotive, materials and chemical processing, turbomachinery, consumer products, electronics, biomedical, energy, defense and others. Headquartered south of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the Company employed approximately 2,800 people as of September 30, 2015. ANSYS focuses on the development of open and flexible solutions that enable users to analyze designs directly on the desktop,

providing a common platform for fast, efficient and cost-conscious product development, from design concept to final-stage testing and validation. The Company distributes its suite of simulation technologies through a global network of independent channel partners and direct sales offices in strategic, global locations. It is the Company's intention to continue to maintain this hybrid sales and distribution model.

The Company licenses its technology to businesses, educational institutions and governmental agencies. Growth in the Company's revenue is affected by the strength of global economies, general business conditions, currency exchange rate fluctuations, customer budgetary constraints and the competitive position of the Company's products. The Company believes that the features, functionality and integrated multiphysics capabilities of its software products are as strong as they have ever been. However, the software business is generally characterized by long sales cycles. These long sales cycles increase the difficulty of predicting sales for any particular quarter. The Company makes many operational and strategic decisions based upon short- and long-term sales forecasts that are impacted not only by these long sales cycles but also by current global economic conditions. As a result, the Company believes that its overall performance is best measured by fiscal-year results rather than by quarterly results.

The Company's management considers the competition and price pressure that it faces in the short- and long-term by focusing on expanding the breadth, depth, ease of use and quality of the technologies, features, functionality and integrated multiphysics capabilities of its software products as compared to its competitors; investing in research and development to develop new and innovative products and increase the capabilities of its existing products; supplying new products and services; focusing on customer needs, training, consulting and support; and enhancing its distribution channels. From time to time, the Company also considers acquisitions to supplement its global engineering talent, product offerings and distribution channels.

Geographic Trends:

The following table presents the Company's geographic constant currency revenue growth during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015
North America	14%	12%
Europe	8%	7%
General International Area	5%	8%
Total	9%	9%

In North America, strong performance was observed in the electronics, high-tech, aerospace and defense, and automotive industries as companies continued to rely on ANSYS technology to meet the needs of energy and fuel efficiency, safety and comfort, and the cost-effective delivery of more innovative products in the face of evolving competition and customer requirements. The low price of oil negatively impacted the energy industry as energy companies held back investments, reduced their workforce and considered consolidation and realignment. Healthcare industry market leaders continued to invest in ANSYS solutions throughout the quarter, but performance was negatively impacted by a macroeconomic downturn in the healthcare technology industry.

Europe continued to show progress and overall revenue growth, but with mixed results and pockets of lingering economic and geopolitical issues. The Company experienced strong performance in Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Spain and the Netherlands. However, the Company's performance in Europe continued to be adversely impacted in the third quarter as a result of weakness in markets such as the United Kingdom, France, Sweden and Russia. The ANSYS industry performance trends for the quarter were similar to those in North America. Additionally, weakness in channel partner new business production and a cautious spending environment continued to have an adverse impact. Sales hiring and sales pipeline building activities continued to be a major focus.

The results in the General International Area, which primarily consists of the Asia-Pacific region, continued to demonstrate strength in Japan and India. The growth was adversely impacted by declines in the Company's business in South Korea, Taiwan and Brazil. Additionally, business momentum in the Chinese state-owned enterprises has been slower. In the automotive industry, the economic issues in China negatively impacted the off-road segment. In the industrial equipment industry, continued focus on power generation had a positive impact. The Company continues to focus on improving direct sales execution and the new business production of the channel partner network.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2014 filed on the Annual Report on Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in

accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to the fair value of stock awards, bad debts, contract revenue, valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets, contingent consideration, deferred compensation, income taxes, uncertain tax positions, tax valuation reserves, useful lives for depreciation and amortization, and contingencies and litigation. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, market experience, estimated future cash flows and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including, but not limited to, the following statements, as well as statements that contain such words as "anticipates", "intends", "believes", "plans" and other similar expressions:

- The Company's expectations regarding the accelerated development of new and innovative products to the marketplace while lowering design and engineering costs for customers as a result of the Company's acquisitions.
- The Company's estimates regarding the expected impact on reported revenue related to the acquisition accounting treatment of deferred revenue.
- The Company's estimation that it is probable that all remaining payments will be made for contingent consideration related to the EVEN acquisition.
- The Company's assessment of the ultimate liabilities arising from various investigations, claims and legal proceedings.
- The Company's expectations regarding the outcome of its service tax audit case.
- The Company's intentions regarding its hybrid sales and distribution model.
- The Company's statement regarding the strength of the features, functionality and integrated multiphysics capabilities of its software products.
- The Company's belief that its overall performance is best measured by fiscal-year results rather than by quarterly results.
- The Company's expectation that it will continue to make targeted investments in its global sales and marketing organization and its global business infrastructure to enhance and support its revenue-generating activities.
- The Company's intentions related to investments in research and development, particularly as it relates to expanding the ease of use and capabilities of its broad portfolio of simulation software products, including the evolution of its ANSYS® Workbench™ platform, expansion of high-performance computing capabilities, ANSYS® AIM™ immersive user interface, robust design and ongoing integration of acquired technology.
- · The Company's intention to repatriate previously taxed earnings and to reinvest all other earnings of its non-U.S. subsidiaries.
- The Company's plans related to future capital spending.
- The sufficiency of existing cash and cash equivalent balances to meet future working capital and capital expenditure requirements.
- The Company's belief that the best uses of its excess cash are to invest in the business and to repurchase stock in order to both offset dilution and return capital to stockholders in excess of its requirements with the goal of increasing stockholder value.
- The Company's intentions related to investments in complementary companies, products, services and technologies.
- The Company's statement regarding increased exposure to volatility of foreign exchange rates.

Forward-looking statements should not be unduly relied upon because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those set forth in forward-looking statements. Certain factors, among others, that might cause such a difference include risks and uncertainties disclosed in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Part I, Item 1A. Information regarding new risk factors or material changes to these risk factors have been included within Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Revenue:

		Three Months En	ided Se	ptember 30,	 Change	2
(in thousands, except percentages)		2015		2014	Amount	%
Revenue:						
Lease licenses	\$	78,487	\$	80,530	\$ (2,043)	(2.5)
Perpetual licenses		61,710		59,435	2,275	3.8
Software licenses		140,197		139,965	232	0.2
Maintenance		91,979		88,562	3,417	3.9
Service		5,664		5,473	191	3.5
Maintenance and service		97,643		94,035	3,608	3.8
Total revenue	\$	237,840	\$	234,000	\$ 3,840	1.6

The Company's revenue in the quarter ended September 30, 2015 increased 1.6% as compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The growth rate was adversely impacted by 7.6% due to a strengthening U.S. Dollar and was favorably impacted by the Company's continued investment in its global sales, support and marketing organizations. Perpetual license revenue, which is derived primarily from new sales during the quarter, increased 3.8% as compared to the prior-year quarter due primarily to growth in perpetual license revenue of electronics products. Annual maintenance contracts that were sold with new perpetual licenses, along with maintenance contracts sold with new perpetual licenses in previous quarters, contributed to maintenance revenue growth of 3.9%.

With respect to revenue, on average for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, the U.S. Dollar was approximately 13.5% stronger, when measured against the Company's primary foreign currencies, than for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The net overall strengthening resulted in decreased revenue of \$17.8 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the same quarter of 2014. The impact on revenue was primarily driven by \$10.6 million, \$4.3 million and \$1.2 million of adverse impact due to a weakening Euro, Japanese Yen and South Korean Won, respectively. The net overall strengthening also resulted in decreased operating income of \$11.1 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the same quarter of 2014.

A substantial portion of the Company's license and maintenance revenue is derived from annual lease and maintenance contracts. These contracts are generally renewed on an annual basis and typically have a high rate of customer renewal. In addition to the recurring revenue base associated with these contracts, a majority of customers purchasing new perpetual licenses also purchase related annual maintenance contracts. As a result of the significant recurring revenue base, the Company's license and maintenance revenue growth rate in any period does not necessarily correlate to the growth rate of new license and maintenance contracts sold during that period. To the extent the rate of customer renewal for lease and maintenance contracts is high, incremental lease contracts, and maintenance contracts sold with new perpetual licenses, will result in license and maintenance revenue growth in constant currency. Conversely, if the rate of renewal for these contracts is adversely affected by economic or other factors, the Company's license and maintenance growth will be adversely affected over the term that the revenue for those contracts would have otherwise been recognized.

The Company is starting to experience an increased interest by its customers in enterprise license agreements that often include longer-term, time-based licenses involving a larger number of the Company's software products. While these arrangements typically involve a higher overall transaction price, the revenue from these contracts is typically deferred and recognized over the period of the contract, resulting in increased deferred revenue and backlog. However, to the extent these types of contracts replace sales of perpetual licenses, there could be a near-term adverse impact on software license and maintenance revenue growth.

International and domestic revenues, as a percentage of total revenue, were 60.7% and 39.3%, respectively, during the quarter ended September 30, 2015, and 65.0% and 35.0%, respectively, during the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The Company derived 24.4% and 24.8% of its total revenue through the indirect sales channel for the quarters ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In valuing deferred revenue on the balance sheets of the Company's recent acquisitions as of their respective acquisition dates, the Company applied the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations, resulting in a reduction of deferred revenue as compared to its historical carrying amount. As a result, the Company's post-acquisition revenue will be less than the sum of what would have otherwise been reported by ANSYS and each acquiree absent the acquisitions. The

impacts on reported revenue were \$0.4 million and \$1.5 million for the quarters ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The expected impact on reported revenue is \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the quarter ending December 31, 2015 and for the year ending December 31, 2016, respectively.

Deferred Revenue and Backlog:

Deferred revenue consists of billings made or payments received in advance of revenue recognition from lease license and maintenance agreements. The deferred revenue on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets does not represent the total value of annual or multi-year, noncancellable lease license and maintenance agreements. The Company's backlog represents installment billings for periods beyond the current quarterly billing cycle and customer orders received but not processed. The Company's deferred revenue and backlog as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consist of the following:

	Balance at September 30, 2015									
(in thousands)		Total		Current		Long-Term				
Deferred revenue	\$	334,185	\$	319,705	\$	14,480				
Backlog		102,016		43,701		58,315				
Total	\$	436,201	\$	363,406	\$	72,795				

	Balance at December 31, 2014									
(in thousands)		Total	Current			Long-Term				
Deferred revenue	\$	345,305	\$	332,664	\$	12,641				
Backlog		122,985		41,390		81,595				
Total	\$	468,290	\$	374,054	\$	94,236				

Revenue associated with deferred revenue and backlog that is expected to be recognized in the subsequent twelve months is classified as current in the table above.

Constant Currency Impact:

The tables below reflect the Company's operating results as presented on the condensed consolidated statements of income, which are inclusive of foreign currency translation impacts. Amounts included in the discussion that follows each table are provided in constant currency. The impact, where material, of foreign exchange translation on each expense line is provided separately.

Cost of Sales and Gross Profit:

			Three Months En						
		2015			201	4	Change		
(in thousands, except percentages)		Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	%
Cost of sales:	·								
Software licenses	\$	6,889	2.9	\$	7,095	3.0	\$	(206)	(2.9)
Amortization		9,818	4.1		9,477	4.1		341	3.6
Maintenance and service		19,874	8.4		20,622	8.8		(748)	(3.6)
Total cost of sales		36,581	15.4		37,194	15.9		(613)	(1.6)
Gross profit	\$	201,259	84.6	\$	196,806	84.1	\$	4,453	2.3

Software Licenses: The net decrease in the cost of software licenses was primarily due to the following:

- Decreased stock-based compensation of \$0.3 million.
- Cost reduction from foreign exchange translation of \$0.2 million due to a stronger U.S. Dollar.
- Decreased salaries of \$0.2 million.
- Increased third-party royalties of \$0.4 million.

<u>Amortization</u>: The increase in amortization expense was primarily due to an increase in amortization of trade names, partially offset by a cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation.

Maintenance and Service: The net decrease in maintenance and service costs was primarily due to the following:

- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$2.0 million.
- Increased salaries and incentive compensation of \$0.8 million.
- Increased third-party technical support costs of \$0.4 million.

The improvement in gross profit was a result of the increase in revenue and the decrease in related cost of sales.

Operating Expenses:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014 Change % of % of (in thousands, except percentages) Revenue % Revenue Amount Amount Amount Operating expenses: Selling, general and administrative \$ 61,367 25.8 \$ 58,172 24.9 \$ 3,195 5.5 Research and development 18.8 44,784 41,033 17.5 3,751 9.1 Amortization 4,925 2.1 6,793 2.9 (1,868)(27.5)\$ 111,076 46.7 45.3 \$ 5,078 Total operating expenses 105,998 4.8

Selling, General and Administrative: The net increase in selling, general and administrative costs was primarily due to the following:

- Increased salaries and other headcount-related costs, including incentive compensation, of \$5.3 million.
- Increased consulting and marketing costs, each of \$0.5 million.
- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$3.2 million.

The Company anticipates that it will continue to make targeted investments in its global sales and marketing organization and its global business infrastructure to enhance and support its revenue-generating activities.

Research and Development: The net increase in research and development costs was primarily due to the following:

- · Increased salaries and other headcount-related costs, including incentive compensation, of \$4.8 million.
- Increased office lease and utility costs of \$0.3 million.
- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$1.2 million.
- Decreased stock-based compensation of \$0.5 million.

The Company has traditionally invested significant resources in research and development activities and intends to continue to make investments in expanding the ease of use and capabilities of its broad portfolio of simulation software products. More specifically, this includes the evolution of its ANSYS® Workbench^{TM} platform, expansion of high-performance computing capabilities, ANSYS® AIM $^{\mathsf{TM}}$ immersive user interface, robust design and ongoing integration of acquired technology.

<u>Amortization</u>: The decrease in amortization expense was primarily due to a net decrease in amortization of acquired customer lists and a cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation.

Interest Expense: The Company's interest expense consists of the following:

	Three Months Ended				
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014			
Discounted obligations	\$ 79	\$ 139			
Other	16	10			
Total interest expense	\$ 95	\$ 149			

Other Expense, net: The Company's other expense consists of the following:

	Three Months Ended				
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014			
Foreign currency losses, net	\$ (304)	\$ (487)			
Noncontrolling interest in loss	_	39			
Other	(79)	53			
Total other expense, net	\$ (383)	\$ (395)			

Income Tax Provision: The Company recorded income tax expense of \$24.3 million and had income before income taxes of \$90.4 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2015. During the quarter ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$25.4 million and had income before income taxes of \$90.9 million. The effective tax rates were 26.9% and 28.0% for the third quarters of 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The decrease in the effective tax rate is primarily due to tax benefits related to restructuring in a foreign jurisdiction. When compared to the federal and state combined statutory rate, the effective tax rates for the quarters ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were favorably impacted by the domestic manufacturing deduction and tax benefits associated with the merger of the Company's Japan subsidiaries in 2010. The quarterly benefit of approximately \$3.1 million related to the merger of the Company's Japan subsidiaries was exhausted in the third quarter of 2015 and will not recur in future periods. The rates were also favorably impacted by the lower statutory tax rates in many of the Company's foreign jurisdictions.

Net Income: The Company's net income in the third quarter of 2015 was \$66.0 million as compared to net income of \$65.5 million in the third quarter of 2014. Diluted earnings per share was \$0.72 in the third quarter of 2015 and \$0.70 in the third quarter of 2014. The weighted average shares used in computing diluted earnings per share were 91.6 million and 93.9 million in the third quarters of 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Revenue:

		Nine Months En	ded Sep	Change				
(in thousands, except percentages)		2015		2014		Amount	%	
Revenue:								
Lease licenses	\$	234,736	\$	238,050	\$	(3,314)	(1.4)	
Perpetual licenses		170,919		168,833		2,086	1.2	
Software licenses		405,655		406,883		(1,228)	(0.3)	
Maintenance		269,513		257,791		11,722	4.5	
Service		15,938		16,972		(1,034)	(6.1)	
Maintenance and service		285,451		274,763		10,688	3.9	
Total revenue	\$	691,106	\$	681,646	\$	9,460	1.4	

The Company's revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 1.4% as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The growth rate was adversely impacted by 7.7% due to a strengthening U.S. Dollar and was favorably impacted by the Company's continued investment in its global sales, support and marketing organizations. Annual maintenance contracts that were sold with new perpetual licenses, along with maintenance contracts sold with new perpetual licenses in previous quarters, contributed to maintenance revenue growth of 4.5%. This growth was primarily due to maintenance contracts sold with electronics products.

With respect to revenue, on average for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the U.S. Dollar was approximately 13.4% stronger, when measured against the Company's primary foreign currencies, than for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The net overall strengthening resulted in decreased revenue of \$52.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The impact on revenue was primarily driven by \$33.2 million, \$12.8 million, \$2.4 million and \$2.2 million of adverse impact due to a weakening Euro, Japanese Yen, British Pound and South Korean Won, respectively. The net overall strengthening also resulted in decreased operating income of \$29.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

International and domestic revenues, as a percentage of total revenue, were 62.1% and 37.9%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and 65.7% and 34.3%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The Company derived 24.3% of its total revenue through the indirect sales channel for both the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

In valuing deferred revenue on the balance sheets of the Company's recent acquisitions as of their respective acquisition dates, the Company applied the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations, resulting in a reduction of deferred revenue as compared to its historical carrying amount. As a result, the Company's post-acquisition revenue will be less than the sum of what would have otherwise been reported by ANSYS and each acquiree absent the acquisitions. The impacts on reported revenue were \$1.4 million and \$4.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Constant Currency Impact:

The tables below reflect the Company's operating results as presented on the condensed consolidated statements of income, which are inclusive of foreign currency translation impacts. Amounts included in the discussion that follows each table are provided in constant currency. The impact, where material, of foreign exchange translation on each expense line is provided separately.

Cost of Sales and Gross Profit:

		THIC MOINTS LIK						
	 201	5	201	14	Change			
(in thousands, except percentages)	 Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue		Amount	%	
Cost of sales:			_			_		
Software licenses	\$ 21,048	3.0	\$ 21,603	3.2	\$	(555)	(2.6)	
Amortization	28,918	4.2	28,198	4.1		720	2.6	
Maintenance and service	60,288	8.7	63,816	9.4		(3,528)	(5.5)	
Total cost of sales	110,254	16.0	113,617	16.7		(3,363)	(3.0)	
Gross profit	\$ 580,852	84.0	\$ 568,029	83.3	\$	12,823	2.3	

Nine Months Ended Sentember 30

Software Licenses: The net decrease in the cost of software licenses was primarily due to the following:

- Decreased stock-based compensation of \$0.7 million.
- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$0.7 million.
- Decreased incentive compensation of \$0.4 million.
- Increased third-party royalties of \$0.7 million.
- Increased SpaceClaim-related cost of software licenses of \$0.4 million, primarily as a result of nine months of SpaceClaim activity in the current year as compared to five months of activity in the prior year.
- Increased facilities and IT-related maintenance of \$0.3 million.

<u>Amortization</u>: The increase in amortization expense was primarily due to an increase in amortization of trade names, partially offset by a cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation.

Maintenance and Service: The net decrease in maintenance and service costs was primarily due to the following:

- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$6.4 million.
- Increased salaries and other headcount-related costs of \$1.3 million.
- Increased third-party technical support and severance costs, each of \$0.8 million.

The improvement in gross profit was a result of the increase in revenue and the decrease in related cost of sales.

Operating Expenses:

			Nine Months End						
		2015			20	14	Change		
(ir	n thousands, except percentages)	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount		% of Revenue	Amount		%
O	perating expenses:								
	Selling, general and administrative	\$ 181,640	26.3	\$	174,002	25.5	\$	7,638	4.4
	Research and development	127,439	18.4		123,251	18.1		4,188	3.4
	Amortization	15,037	2.2		17,374	2.5		(2,337)	(13.5)
To	otal operating expenses	\$ 324,116	46.9	\$	314,627	46.2	\$	9,489	3.0

Selling, General and Administrative: The net increase in selling, general and administrative costs was primarily due to the following:

- Increased salaries and other headcount-related costs, including incentive compensation, of \$11.8 million, primarily due to an increase in headcount.
- Increased third-party commissions of \$1.5 million.
- Increased business travel and meals of \$1.4 million.

- Increased SpaceClaim-related selling, general and administrative expenses of \$1.2 million, primarily as a result of nine months of SpaceClaim activity in the current year as compared to five months of activity in the prior year.
- Increased office lease and utility costs of \$1.1 million.
- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$10.4 million.

Research and Development: The net increase in research and development costs was primarily due to the following:

- Increased salaries and other headcount-related costs of \$5.9 million.
- Increased SpaceClaim-related research and development expenses of \$1.8 million, primarily as a result of nine months of SpaceClaim activity in the
 current year as compared to five months of activity in the prior year.
- Increased office lease and utility costs of \$0.8 million.
- Increased facilities and IT-related maintenance of \$0.7 million.
- Cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation of \$4.3 million.
- Decreased stock-based compensation of \$1.2 million.

<u>Amortization</u>: The decrease in amortization expense was primarily due to a net decrease in amortization of acquired customer lists and a cost reduction related to foreign exchange translation.

Interest Expense: The Company's interest expense consists of the following:

	Nine Months Ended					
(in thousands)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014				
Discounted obligations	\$ 303	\$ 497				
Other	68	81				
Total interest expense	\$ 371	\$ 578				

Other Income (Expense), net: The Company's other income (expense) consists of the following:

		Nine Months Ended				
thousands)		September 30, 2015		September 30, 2014		
Foreign currency gains (losses), net	\$	362	\$	(875)		
Noncontrolling interest in loss		_		87		
Other		113		16		
Total other income (expense), net	\$	475	\$	(772)		

<u>Income Tax Provision:</u> The Company recorded income tax expense of \$74.5 million and had income before income taxes of \$259.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$69.2 million and had income before income taxes of \$254.3 million. The effective tax rates were 28.8% and 27.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The increase in the effective tax rate is primarily due to tax benefits that occurred in 2014 related to restructuring in a foreign jurisdiction and the reversal of uncertain tax benefits. These benefits did not recur in 2015. When compared to the federal and state combined statutory rate, the effective tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were favorably impacted by the domestic manufacturing deduction and tax benefits associated with the merger of the Company's Japan subsidiaries in 2010. The quarterly benefit of approximately \$3.1 million related to the merger of the Company's Japan subsidiaries was exhausted in the third quarter of 2015 and will not recur in future periods. The rates were also favorably impacted by the lower statutory tax rates in many of the Company's foreign jurisdictions.

<u>Net Income</u>: The Company's net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$184.5 million as compared to net income of \$185.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Diluted earnings per share was \$2.01 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and \$1.96 for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The weighted average shares used in computing diluted earnings per share were 91.8 million and 94.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Non-GAAP Results

The Company provides non-GAAP revenue, non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating profit margin, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share as supplemental measures to GAAP measures regarding the Company's operational performance. These financial measures exclude the impact of certain items and, therefore, have not been calculated in accordance with GAAP. A detailed explanation and a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to its most comparable GAAP financial measure are described below.

	 Three Months Ended													
	September 30, 2015							September 30, 2014						
(in thousands, except percentages and per share data)	As Reported	A	djustments			Non-GAAP Results		As Reported	Ac	ljustments		Non-GAAP Results		
Total revenue	\$ 237,840	\$	379	(1)	\$	238,219	\$	234,000	\$	1,528 (4)	\$	235,528		
Operating income	90,183		24,257	(2)		114,440		90,808		27,794 ₍₅₎		118,602		
Operating profit margin	37.9%					48.0%		38.8%				50.4%		
Net income	\$ 66,033	\$	15,978	(3)	\$	82,011	\$	65,479	\$	18,176 (6)	\$	83,655		
Earnings per share – diluted:														
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.72				\$	0.90	\$	0.70			\$	0.89		
Weighted average shares – diluted	91,593					91,593		93,905				93,905		

- (1) Amount represents the revenue not reported during the period as a result of the acquisition accounting adjustment associated with accounting for deferred revenue in business combinations.
- (2) Amount represents \$14.7 million of amortization expense associated with intangible assets acquired in business combinations, \$8.9 million of stock-based compensation expense, the \$0.4 million adjustment to revenue as reflected in (1) above and \$0.3 million of transaction expenses related to business combinations.
- (3) Amount represents the impact of the adjustments to operating income referred to in (2) above, adjusted for the related income tax impact of \$8.3 million
- (4) Amount represents the revenue not reported during the period as a result of the acquisition accounting adjustment associated with accounting for deferred revenue in business combinations.
- (5) Amount represents \$16.3 million of amortization expense associated with intangible assets acquired in business combinations, \$10.0 million of stock-based compensation expense and the \$1.5 million adjustment to revenue as reflected in (4) above.
- (6) Amount represents the impact of the adjustments to operating income referred to in (5) above, adjusted for the related income tax impact of \$9.6 million.

TAIRC FIGHTIS Effect													
			Se	ptember 30,	2015		September 30, 2014						
(in thousands, except percentages and per share data)		As Reported	A	djustments		Non-GAAP Results		As Reported	A	djustments			Non-GAAP Results
Total revenue	\$	691,106	\$	1,365	(1)	\$ 692,471	\$	681,646	\$	4,307	(4)	\$	685,953
Operating income		256,736		71,885	(2)	328,621		253,402		78,430 ₍	5)		331,832
Operating profit margin		37.1%				47.5%		37.2%					48.4%
Net income	\$	184,500	\$	46,458	(3)	\$ 230,958	\$	185,057	\$	52,063	(6)	\$	237,120
Earnings per share – diluted:													
Diluted earnings per share	\$	2.01				\$ 2.52	\$	1.96				\$	2.51
Weighted average shares – diluted		91,820				91,820		94,397					94,397

Nine Months Ended

- (1) Amount represents the revenue not reported during the period as a result of the acquisition accounting adjustment associated with accounting for deferred revenue in business combinations.
- (2) Amount represents \$44.0 million of amortization expense associated with intangible assets acquired in business combinations, \$25.7 million of stock-based compensation expense, the \$1.4 million adjustment to revenue as reflected in (1) above and \$0.8 million of transaction expenses related to business combinations.
- (3) Amount represents the impact of the adjustments to operating income referred to in (2) above, adjusted for the related income tax impact of \$25.4 million.
- (4) Amount represents the revenue not reported during the period as a result of the acquisition accounting adjustment associated with accounting for deferred revenue in business combinations.
- (5) Amount represents \$45.6 million of amortization expense associated with intangible assets acquired in business combinations, \$27.6 million of stock-based compensation expense, the \$4.3 million adjustment to revenue as reflected in (4) above and \$1.0 million of transaction expenses related to business combinations.
- (6) Amount represents the impact of the adjustments to operating income referred to in (5) above, adjusted for the related income tax impact of \$26.4 million.

Non-GAAP Measures

Management uses non-GAAP financial measures (a) to evaluate the Company's historical and prospective financial performance as well as its performance relative to its competitors, (b) to set internal sales targets and spending budgets, (c) to allocate resources, (d) to measure operational profitability and the accuracy of forecasting, (e) to assess financial discipline over operational expenditures and (f) as an important factor in determining variable compensation for management and its employees. In addition, many financial analysts that follow the Company focus on and publish both historical results and future projections based on non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes that it is in the best interest of its investors to provide this information to analysts so that they accurately report the non-GAAP financial information. Moreover, investors have historically requested and the Company has historically reported these non-GAAP financial measures as a means of providing consistent and comparable information with past reports of financial results.

While management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful supplemental information to investors, there are limitations associated with the use of these non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, are not reported by all of the Company's competitors and may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures of the Company's competitors due to potential differences in the exact method of calculation. The Company compensates for these limitations by using these non-GAAP financial measures as supplements to GAAP financial measures and by reviewing the reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most comparable GAAP financial measures.

The adjustments to these non-GAAP financial measures, and the basis for such adjustments, are outlined below:

Acquisition accounting for deferred revenue and its related tax impact. Historically, the Company has consummated acquisitions in order to support its strategic and other business objectives. In accordance with the fair value provisions applicable to the accounting for business combinations, acquired deferred revenue is often recorded on the opening balance sheet at an amount that is lower than the historical carrying value. Although this purchase accounting requirement has no impact on the Company's business or cash flow, it adversely impacts the Company's reported GAAP revenue in the reporting periods following an acquisition. In order to provide investors with financial information that facilitates comparison of both historical and future results, the Company provides non-GAAP financial measures which exclude the impact of the acquisition accounting adjustment. The Company believes that this non-GAAP financial adjustment is useful to investors because it allows investors to (a) evaluate the effectiveness of the methodology and information used by management in its financial and operational decision-making, and (b) compare past and future reports of financial results of the Company as the revenue reduction related to acquired deferred revenue will not recur when related annual lease licenses and software maintenance contracts are renewed in future periods.

Amortization of intangibles from acquisitions and its related tax impact. The Company incurs amortization of intangibles, included in its GAAP presentation of amortization expense, related to various acquisitions it has made in recent years. Management excludes these expenses and their related tax impact for the purpose of calculating non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating profit margin, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share when it evaluates the continuing operational performance of the Company because these costs are fixed at the time of an acquisition, are then amortized over a period of several years after the acquisition and generally cannot be changed or influenced by management after the acquisition. Accordingly, management does not consider these expenses for purposes of evaluating the performance of the Company during the applicable time period after the acquisition, and it excludes such expenses when making decisions to allocate resources. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they allow investors to (a) evaluate the effectiveness of the methodology and information used by management in its financial and operational decision-making, and (b) compare past reports of financial results of the Company as the Company has historically reported these non-GAAP financial measures.

Stock-based compensation expense and its related tax impact. The Company incurs expense related to stock-based compensation included in its GAAP presentation of cost of software licenses; cost of maintenance and service; research and development expense and selling, general and administrative expense. Although stock-based compensation is an expense of the Company and viewed as a form of compensation, management excludes these expenses for the purpose of calculating non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating profit margin, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share when it evaluates the continuing operational performance of the Company. Specifically, the Company excludes stock-based compensation during its annual budgeting process and its quarterly and annual assessments of the Company's and management's performance. The annual budgeting process is the primary mechanism whereby the Company allocates resources to various initiatives and operational requirements. Additionally, the annual review by the board of directors during which it compares the Company's historical business model and profitability to the planned business model and profitability for the forthcoming year excludes the impact of stock-based compensation. In evaluating the performance of senior management and department managers, charges related to stock-based compensation are excluded from expenditure and profitability results. In fact, the Company records stock-based compensation expense into a stand-alone cost center for which no single operational manager is responsible or accountable. In this way, management is able to review, on a period-to-period basis, each manager's performance and assess financial discipline over operational expenditures without the effect of stock-based compensation. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they allow investors to (a) evaluate the Company's operating results and the effectiveness of the methodology used by management to review the Com

Transaction costs related to business combinations. The Company incurs expenses for professional services rendered in connection with business combinations, which are included in its GAAP presentation of selling, general and administrative expense. These expenses are generally not tax-deductible. Management excludes these acquisition-related transaction expenses for the purpose of calculating non-GAAP operating income, non-GAAP operating profit margin, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share when it evaluates the continuing operational performance of the Company, as it generally would not have otherwise incurred these expenses in the periods presented as a part of its continuing operations. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they allow investors to (a) evaluate the Company's operating results and the effectiveness of the methodology used by management to review the Company's operating results, and (b) review historical comparability in the Company's financial reporting as well as comparability with competitors' operating results.

Non-GAAP financial measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative for, GAAP. The Company's non-GAAP financial measures are not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP financial measures, and should be read only in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The Company has provided a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as listed below:

GAAP Reporting Measure

Revenue

Operating Income

Operating Profit Margin

Net Income

Diluted Earnings Per Share

Non-GAAP Reporting Measure

Non-GAAP Revenue

Non-GAAP Operating Income

Non-GAAP Operating Profit Margin

Non-GAAP Net Income

Non-GAAP Diluted Earnings Per Share

Liquidity and Capital Resources

(in thousands)	Se	September 30, 2015				Change		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$	776,923	\$	788,778	\$	(11,855)		
Working capital	\$	633,307	\$	645,394	\$	(12,087)		

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of highly liquid investments such as money market mutual funds and deposits held at major banks. Short-term investments consist primarily of deposits held by certain foreign subsidiaries of the Company with original maturities of three months to one year. The following table presents the Company's foreign and domestic holdings of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2015		% of Total	December 31, 2014		% of Total
Domestic	\$	532,995	68.6%	\$	556,328	70.5%
Foreign		243,928	31.4%		232,450	29.5%
Total	\$	776,923		\$	788,778	

If the foreign balances were repatriated to the U.S., they would be subject to domestic tax, resulting in a tax obligation in the period of repatriation. In general, it is the practice and intention of the Company to repatriate previously taxed earnings and to reinvest all other earnings of its non-U.S. subsidiaries. The amount of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments held by foreign subsidiaries is subject to translation adjustments caused by changes in foreign currency exchange rates as of the end of each respective reporting period, the offset to which is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

	Nine Mont	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	2015		2014		Change
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 258,3	27 \$	293,034	\$	(34,707)

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased during the current fiscal year due to decreased net cash flows from operating assets and liabilities of \$40.6 million, primarily due to a \$26.8 million refund received in 2014 related to the Company's 2009 and 2010 federal income tax years. These amounts were partially offset by increased net income (net of non-cash operating adjustments) of \$5.9 million.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

	Nine N	Months Ende	ed September 30,	_	
(in thousands)	201	15	2014		Change
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(51,659)	\$ (123,314)	\$	71,655

Net cash used in investing activities decreased during the current fiscal year due primarily to decreased acquisition-related net cash outlays of \$61.6 million and decreased capital expenditures of \$9.9 million. The Company currently plans capital spending of \$15 million to \$20 million for the 2015 fiscal year as compared to \$26.0 million that was spent in 2014. The planned decrease is attributable to the completion in October 2014 of the Company's new headquarters facility. The level of spending will depend on various factors, including growth of the business and general economic conditions.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

	Nine Months En	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(in thousands)	2015	2014	Change	
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (205,438)	\$ (81,969)	\$ (123,469)	

Net cash used in financing activities increased during the current fiscal year due primarily to increased stock repurchases of \$134.1 million, partially offset by increased proceeds from shares issued for stock-based compensation of \$9.8 million.

Other Cash Flow Information

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company completed various acquisitions to accelerate development of new and innovative products to the marketplace while lowering design and engineering costs for customers. The acquisitions were not individually significant. The combined purchase price of the acquisitions was approximately \$44.4 million, which included cash and equity. The operating results of each acquisition have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements since each respective date of acquisition.

The Company believes that existing cash and cash equivalent balances of \$776.2 million, together with cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to meet the Company's working capital and capital expenditure requirements through the next twelve months. The Company's cash requirements in the future may also be financed through additional equity or debt financings. There can be no assurance that such financings can be obtained on favorable terms, if at all

Under the Company's stock repurchase program, the Company repurchased shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, as follows:

	Nine Months Ended				
(in thousands, except per share data)	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014			
Number of shares repurchased	2,793	1,432			
Average price paid per share	\$ 86.92	\$ 75.87			
Total cost	\$ 242,748	\$ 108,613			

In February 2015, the Company's Board of Directors increased the number of shares authorized for repurchase to a total of 5.0 million shares under the stock repurchase program. As of September 30, 2015, 3.1 million shares remained available for repurchase under the program.

The Company's repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date and the pace of the repurchase activity will depend on factors such as working capital needs, cash requirements for acquisitions, the Company's stock price, and economic and market conditions. The Company's stock repurchases may be effected from time to time through open market purchases or pursuant to a Rule 10b5-1 plan.

The Company continues to generate positive cash flows from operating activities and believes that the best uses of its excess cash are to invest in the business and to repurchase stock in order to both offset dilution and return capital, in excess of its requirements, to stockholders with the goal of increasing stockholder value. Additionally, the Company has in the past, and expects in the future, to acquire or make investments in complementary companies, products, services and technologies. Any future acquisitions may be funded by available cash and investments, cash generated from operations, credit facilities or the issuance of additional securities.

Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any special-purpose entities or off-balance-sheet financing.

Contractual Obligations

There were no material changes to the Company's significant contractual obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared to those previously reported in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" within the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company completed the annual impairment test for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets and determined that these assets had not been impaired as of the test date, January 1, 2015. The Company tested a previously unamortized trade name that was determined to have a finite life for impairment during the first quarter of 2015 and determined that its fair value exceeded its carrying value, so no impairment was recorded. No other events or circumstances changed during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 that would indicate that the fair values of the Company's reporting unit and indefinite-lived intangible asset are below their carrying amounts.

No significant changes have occurred to the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates as previously reported within "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Income Rate Risk. Changes in the overall level of interest rates affect the interest income that is generated from the Company's cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, total interest income was \$0.7 million and \$2.1 million, respectively. Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of highly liquid investments such as money market mutual funds and deposits held at major banks. Short-term investments consist primarily of deposits held by certain foreign subsidiaries of the Company with original maturities of three months to one year.

Foreign Currency Transaction Risk. As the Company continues to expand its business presence in international regions, the portion of its revenue, expenses, cash, accounts receivable and payment obligations denominated in foreign currencies continues to increase. As a result, changes in currency exchange rates will affect the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The Company is most impacted by movements in and among the Euro, Japanese Yen, British Pound, South Korean Won, Canadian Dollar, Indian Rupee and U.S. Dollar.

With respect to revenue, on average for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, the U.S. Dollar was approximately 13.5% stronger, when measured against the Company's primary foreign currencies, than for the quarter ended September 30, 2014. The net overall strengthening resulted in decreased revenue of \$17.8 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the same quarter of 2014. The impact on revenue was primarily driven by \$10.6 million, \$4.3 million and \$1.2 million of adverse impact due to a weakening Euro, Japanese Yen and South Korean Won, respectively. The net overall strengthening also resulted in decreased operating income of \$11.1 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the same quarter of 2014.

With respect to revenue, on average for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the U.S. Dollar was approximately 13.4% stronger, when measured against the Company's primary foreign currencies, than for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The net overall strengthening resulted in decreased revenue of \$52.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The impact on revenue was primarily driven by \$33.2 million, \$12.8 million, \$2.4 million and \$2.2 million of adverse impact due to a weakening Euro, Japanese Yen, British Pound and South Korean Won, respectively. The net overall strengthening also resulted in decreased operating income of \$29.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

The Company has foreign-currency-denominated liabilities. In order to provide a natural hedge to mitigate the foreign currency exchange risk on certain of these liabilities, the Company will purchase foreign currencies and hold these currencies in cash until the liabilities are settled.

The most significant currency impacts on revenue and operating income were primarily attributable to U.S. Dollar exchange rate changes against the British Pound, Euro and Japanese Yen as reflected in the charts below:

	Period-End Exchange Rates			
As of	GBP/USD	EUR/USD	USD/JPY	
September 30, 2014	1.621	1.263	109.649	
December 31, 2014	1.557	1.210	119.703	
September 30, 2015	1.513	1.118	119.890	

	Average Exchange Rates			
Three Months Ended	GBP/USD	EUR/USD	USD/JPY	
March 31, 2014	1.655	1.370	102.753	
June 30, 2014	1.684	1.371	102.137	
September 30, 2014	1.669	1.325	103.969	
December 31, 2014	1.583	1.249	114.408	
March 31, 2015	1.515	1.127	119.163	
June 30, 2015	1.533	1.107	121.336	
September 30, 2015	1.549	1.113	122.145	

No other material change has occurred in the Company's market risk subsequent to December 31, 2014.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, the Company has evaluated, with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures are effective, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act.

The Company has a Disclosure Review Committee to assist in the quarterly evaluation of the Company's internal disclosure controls and procedures and in the review of the Company's periodic filings under the Exchange Act. The membership of the Disclosure Review Committee consists of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Global Controller, General Counsel, Senior Director of Investor Relations and Global Insurance, Vice President of Worldwide Sales and Support, Vice President of Human Resources, Vice President of Marketing and Chief Product Officer. This committee is advised by external counsel, particularly on SEC-related matters. Additionally, other members of the Company's global management team advise the committee with respect to disclosure via a sub-certification process.

The Company believes, based on its knowledge, that the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of and for the periods presented in this report. The Company is committed to both a sound internal control environment and to good corporate governance.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

From time to time, the Company reviews the disclosure controls and procedures and may make changes to enhance their effectiveness and to ensure that the Company's systems evolve with its business.

Changes in Internal Control. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2015 that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is subject to various investigations, claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business, including commercial disputes, labor and employment matters, tax audits, alleged infringement of intellectual property rights and other matters. In the opinion of the Company, the resolution of pending matters is not expected to have a material, adverse effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial position. However, each of these matters is subject to various uncertainties and it is possible that an unfavorable resolution of one or more of these proceedings could, in the future, materially affect the Company's results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company cautions investors that its performance (and, therefore, any forward-looking statement) is subject to risks and uncertainties. Various important factors may cause the Company's future results to differ materially from those projected in any forward-looking statement. These factors were disclosed in, but are not limited to, the items within the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Part I, Item 1A. No material changes have occurred regarding the Company's risk factors subsequent to December 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Ave	erage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾
July 1 - July 31, 2015	_	\$	_	_	4,387,219
August 1 - August 31, 2015	941,192	\$	92.17	941,192	3,446,027
September 1 - September 30, 2015	308,808	\$	88.33	308,808	3,137,219
Total	1,250,000	\$	91.23	1,250,000	3,137,219

⁽¹⁾ The Company initially announced its stock repurchase program in February 2000, and subsequently announced various amendments to the program. The most recent amendment to the program, authorizing the repurchase of up to 5,000,000 shares, was approved by the Company's Board of Directors in February 2015. There is no expiration date to this amendment.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6.	Exhibits
Exhibit No.	Exhibit
3.1	Amendment No. 3 to the Second Amended and Restated By-laws of ANSYS, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 7, 2015, and incorporated herein by reference).
15	Independent Registered Public Accountant's Letter Regarding Unaudited Financial Information.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ANSYS, Inc.

Date: November 5, 2015 By: /s/ James E. Cashman III

James E. Cashman III

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 5, 2015 By: /s/ Maria T. Shields

Maria T. Shields Chief Financial Officer

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November 5, 2015

ANSYS, Inc. 2600 ANSYS Drive Canonsburg, PA 15317

We have reviewed, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the unaudited interim financial information of ANSYS, Inc. and subsidiaries for the periods ended September 30, 2015, and 2014, as indicated in our report dated November 5, 2015; because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on that information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which is included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, is incorporated by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-08613, 333-69506, 333-110728, 333-137274, 333-152765, 333-174670, 333-177030, 333-196393, and 333-206111 on Form S-8.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, James E. Cashman III, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ANSYS, Inc. ("ANSYS");
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of ANSYS as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. ANSYS's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for ANSYS and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to ANSYS, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of ANSYS's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during ANSYS's most recent fiscal quarter (ANSYS's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. ANSYS's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to ANSYS's auditors and the audit committee of ANSYS's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect ANSYS's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2015 /s/ James E. Cashman III

James E. Cashman III

President and Chief Executive Officer

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION

I, Maria T. Shields, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ANSYS, Inc. ("ANSYS");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of ANSYS as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. ANSYS's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for ANSYS and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to ANSYS, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of ANSYS's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during ANSYS's most recent fiscal quarter (ANSYS's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. ANSYS's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to ANSYS's auditors and the audit committee of ANSYS's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect ANSYS's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in ANSYS's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2015 /s/ Maria T. Shields

Maria T. Shields

Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of ANSYS, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, James E. Cashman III, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

This certification is provided solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed to be part of the Report or filed for any purpose whatsoever.

/s/ James E. Cashman III

James E. Cashman III President and Chief Executive Officer November 5, 2015

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of ANSYS, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Maria T. Shields, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

This certification is provided solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed to be part of the Report or filed for any purpose whatsoever.

/s/ Maria T. Shields

Maria T. Shields Chief Financial Officer November 5, 2015